

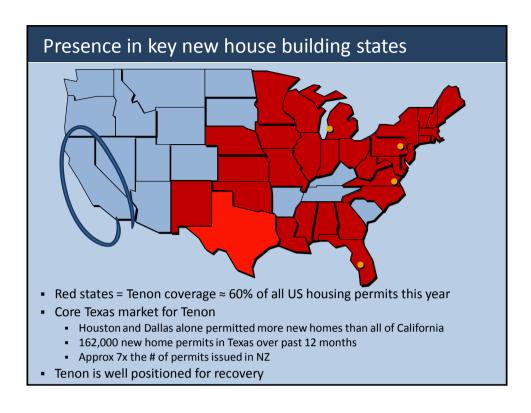
## Mid-cycle EBITDA upgraded

- Cyclical recovery <u>alone</u> to drive strong earnings growth
- Organic growth is additive
  - Market share growth
  - Product range expansion
  - Improved manufactured product mix
  - Operational efficiency gains
  - Enhanced exposure to pro-dealer segment



Repeat our upgraded mid-cycle EBITDA<sup>1</sup> guidance of <u>US\$45m per annum</u><sup>3</sup> 2014 result is <u>less than 25%</u> of our mid-cycle potential

Acquisitions/M&A remains firmly on the agenda – Tenon well positioned 2014 was a good start – <u>much more to come</u>!





An enviable market position		Category	Market position
Wholesale Manufacturing & Distribution	- FLETCHER - wood solutions	Imported clears (includes FJ) Imported solid appearance	Top five
Full Service Distribution	EMPIRE	Interior mouldings Lowe's mouldings	Top three
	SOUTHWEST MOULDING CO.	2-Step distribution (Texas) Stair parts (Texas)	Top three
Specialty Manufacturing & Customised Distribution	rnamental mouldings	Hardwood mouldings Big Box decorative mouldings	Top five

## **Notes**

## Footnotes

- 1 We used EBITDA when discussing financial performance. EBITDA (i.e. Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation) is a non-GAAP financial measure that is not recognised within IFRS. As it is not uniformly define or utilized this measure may not be comparable with similarly title measures used by other companies. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be viewed in isolation or considered as a substitute for measures reported in accordance with IFRS. Management believes that EBITDA provides useful information, as it is used internally to evaluate performance, and it is also a measure that equity analysts focus on for comparable company performance purposes, as the measure removes distortions caused by differences in asset ages, depreciation policies, and debt-equity structures. EBITDA can be derived from our Consolidated Income Statement (Refer our 2014 Annual Report) by taking Net Profit / Loss after Taxation of US\$2 million (2013, US\$-3m), and adding back Income Tax Expense of US\$1 million (2013, US\$-1), Inlancing Costs of US\$4 million (2013, US\$4m) and depreciation & amortisations of US\$4 million (2013, US\$4m) = US\$11 million (2013, US\$5-1).
- 2 Assumes operating to equipment manufacturer's stated efficiencies, full sales of additional volumes, a NZD:USD < 80 cents, and the current product mix.</p>
- 3 Assumes NZ\$:US\$ cross rate of 70 cents, housing starts of 1.65 million, retail unit comps of 5% pa, and historic operating margins.
- 4 There are forward-looking statements included in this document. As forward-looking statements are predictive in nature, they are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties relating to Tenon, its operations, the markets in which it competes and other factors (some of which are beyond the control of Tenon). As a result of the foregoing, actual results aconditions may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. In particular Tenon's operations and results are significantly influenced by the level of activity in the various sectors of the economies in which it competes, particularly in North America. Fluctuations in industrial output, commercial and residential construction activity, capital availability, housing turnover and pring, levels of repairs, remodelling and additions to existing homes, new housing starts, relative exchange rates, interest rates, and profitability of customers, can each have a substantial impact on Tenon's results of operations and financial condition. Other risks include competitor product development and demand and pricing and customer concentration risk. As a result of the foregoing, actual results and conclusions may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements.